Audit and Risk Subcommittee Wednesday 2 December 2020 at 1.00pm





Councillor Amy Macdonald

Councillor Rick Stolwerk

6.1 6.2

6.3

6.4

Audit and Risk Subcommittee Agenda

Meeting to be held in the Council Chamber 36 Water Street, Whangārei on Wednesday 2 December 2020, commencing at 1.00pm

Recommendations contained in the agenda are NOT decisions of the meeting. Please refer to minutes for resolutions.

MEMBERSHIP OF THE AUDIT AND RISK SUBCOMMITTEE

| (| Chairperson, | Councillor | Colin | Kitchen |
|---|--------------|------------|-------|---------|
| | | | | |

Ex-Officio Penny Smart

Geoff Copstick

Independent Financial Advisor

8

11

41

58

Councillor Joce Yeoman

Advisor Danny Tuato'o

Independent Audit & Risk

| Item | F | age |
|------|---|-----|
| 1.0 | HOUSEKEEPING | |
| 2.0 | APOLOGIES | |
| 3.0 | DECLARATIONS OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST | |
| 4.0 | HEALTH & SAFETY UPDATE | 3 |
| 5.0 | CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES | |
| | 5.1 Confirmation of Minutes - 6 October 2020 | 4 |
| 6.0 | REPORTS | |

Enterprise System Project Update

Risk Management Activity Update

Internal Audit Programme

Insurance Update

TITLE: Health & Safety Update

ID: A1390129

From: Beryl Steele, Human Resources Manager

Authorised by Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence, on date

Group Manager:

Executive summary/Whakarāpopototanga

The presentations that will be presented at the meeting are listed below.

Recommendation

That the presentations:

4.1 Health & Safety Update

be received.

Attachments/Ngā tapirihanga

Nil

TITLE: Confirmation of Minutes - 6 October 2020

ID: A1391036

From: Judith Graham, Corporate Excellence P/A

Authorised by Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence, on

Group Manager:

Recommendation

That the minutes of the Audit & Risk Subcommittee meeting held on 6 October 2020 be confirmed as a true and correct record.

Attachments/Ngā tapirihanga

Attachment 1: Audit & Risk Subcommittee Minutes 6 October 2020 🗓 🖺

Audit and Risk Subcommittee 6 October 2020

Audit and Risk Subcommittee Minutes

Meeting held in the Council Chamber 36 Water Street, Whangārei on Tuesday 6 October 2020, commencing at 10.30am

Present:

Chairperson, Councillor Colin Kitchen Councillor John Bain Councillor Amy Macdonald Ex-Officio Penny Smart Independent Financial Advisor Geoff Copstick Independent Audit & Risk Advisor Danny Tuato'o

In Attendance:

Full Meeting

Group Manager Corporate Excellence – Bruce Howse Finance Manager – Simon Crabb
Personal Assistant – Judy Graham
AON Client Relationship Manager- Matthew Wilson
AON Operations Manager - Deanna MacDonald

Part Meeting

Councillor – Rick Stolwerk
Councillor – Martin Robinson
Councillor – Jack Craw
Corporate Systems Champion - Kym Ace
Accounting Assistant – Shannon Wilson
Deloitte Audit Partner – Peter Gulliver (item 5.1 only)
Deloitte Associate Director – Vera Chain (item 5.1 only)

The Chair declared the meeting open at 10.40am.

Apologies (Ngā whakapahā) (Item 1.0)

Moved (Smart/McDonald)

That the apologies from Councillor Joce Yeoman for non-attendance be received.

Carried

Declarations of Conflicts of Interest (Nga whakapuakanga) (Item 2.0)

It was advised that members should make declarations item-by-item as the meeting progressed.

ID: A1371948 1

Audit and Risk Subcommittee 6 October 2020

Confirmation of Minutes - 24 June 2020 (Item 4.1)

ID: A1358805

Report from Judith Graham, Corporate Excellence P/A

Moved (Smart/Bain)

That the minutes of the Audit & Risk Subcommittee meeting held on 24 June 2020 to be confirmed as a true and correct record.

Carried

2019/20 Annual Report and Deloitte Audit Report (Item 5.1)

ID: A1362628

Report from Simon Crabb, Finance Manager

Moved (Smart/Bain)

- That the report '2019/20 Annual Report and Deloitte Audit Report' by Simon Crabb, Finance Manager and dated 10 September 2020, be received.
- That the Subcommittee endorse a recommendation to council that the Summary
 Annual Report, the Full Annual Report, and the financial statements for the year ended
 30 June 2020 be adopted.

Carried

Deloitte Audit Partner Peter Gulliver went through the 2019/2020 annual report and highlighted a couple of areas in the investment property valuations in how they were valued and associated assumptions. Peter Gulliver also acknowledged the challenges Northland Regional Council have faced in result of COVID-19 Lockdown and gave praise to the finance team.

Audit & Risk Subcommittee agreed that there is a need to adopt an internal audit programme.

Action: Group Manager Corporate Excellence – Bruce Howse to report back to Audit & Risk Subcommittee meeting on 2 December 2020 regarding details on implementing an internal audit programme for Northland Regional Council.

Group Manager Corporate Excellence – Bruce Howse distributed a paper prepared by Audit Partner Peter Gulliver which outlined the audit hours that Deloitte has spent over past four year.

Secretarial Note: Peter Gulliver and Vera Chain left at this time. Meeting reconvened 11.22am.

Risk Management Activity- Update (Item 5.2)

ID: A1356751

Report from Kym Ace, Corporate Systems Champion

Moved (Smart/MacDonald)

ID: A1371948 2

Audit and Risk Subcommittee 6 October 2020

That the report 'Risk Management Activity- Update' by Kym Ace, Corporate Systems Champion and dated 26 August 2020, be received.

Carried

Corporate Systems Champion - Kym Ace gave a presentation on where Northland Regional Council are up to with the new risk management tool.

Audit & Risk Subcommittee have requested monthly reports to council on risk management.

Action: Corporate Systems Champion - Kym Ace and Independent Audit & Risk Advisor Danny Tuato'o to meet regarding Northland Regional Council risk management.

Business with Public Excluded (Item 6.0)

Moved (Smart/MacDonald)

- That the public be excluded from the proceedings of this meeting to consider confidential matters.
- 2. That the general subject of the matters to be considered whilst the public is excluded, the reasons for passing this resolution in relation to this matter, and the specific grounds under the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 for the passing of this resolution, are as follows:

| ltem No. | Item Issue | Reasons/Grounds |
|-------------|--|--|
| 6.1 | Confirmation of Confidential Minutes - 24 June 2020 | The public conduct of the proceedings would be likely to result in disclosure of information, as stated in the open section of the meeting |
| 6.2 | Update form AON Insurance | The public conduct of the proceedings would be likely to result in disclosure of information, the withholding of which is necessary to protect information where the making available of the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who is the subject of the information s7(2)(b)(ii) and the withholding of which is necessary to enable council to carry out, without prejudice or disadvantage, commercial activities s7(2)(h). |

That the Independent Financial Advisors be permitted to stay during business with the public excluded.

Carried

Conclusion

The meeting concluded at 12.25pm.

ID: A1371948 3

TITLE: Enterprise System Project Update

ID: A1386886

From: Carol Cottam, Information Services and Technology Manager

Authorised by Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence, on date

Group Manager:

Executive summary/Whakarāpopototanga

The purpose of the report is to provide and update on progress with the Enterprise System project.

Recommendation

That the report 'Enterprise System Project Update' by Carol Cottam, Information Services and Technology Manager and dated 18 November 2020, be received.

Background/Tuhinga

At the conclusion of the Request for Information phase, the Detailed Business Case for the Enterprise System project was presented to and endorsed by ELT on 2 July 2020, approving the project to proceed to the detailed procurement phase.

The detailed procurement phase of the project includes establishment of a project team, issuing a Request for Proposal, undertaking due diligence and includes supplier demonstrations to recommend a preferred supplier.

The Key Milestones for this phase of the project are:

| Milestone description | Baseline date | Actual date |
|---|---------------|-------------|
| Issue Request for Proposal | 18/09/2020 | 18/9/2020 |
| Proposals Received | 23/10/2020 | 23/10/2020 |
| Complete Evaluation | 09/11/2020 | 10/11/2020 |
| Demonstrations Commence | 16/11/2020 | 17/11/2020 |
| Demonstrations Conclude | 04/12/2020 | |
| Moderation | 07/12/2020 | |
| Due diligence reference checks | 10-12/12/2020 | |
| Update to Audit and Risk | 02/12/2020 | |
| Recommendation of preferred supplier to ELT | 17/12/2020 | |
| Implementation Business Case | 21/01/2021 | |
| Workshop recommendation with Council | 02/02/2021 | |
| Recommendation to Council | 23/02/2021 | |

At the time of writing this report, we are mid-way through the supplier demonstrations and the process is progressing well.

There has been a high level of engagement from the evaluation team and supporting staff.

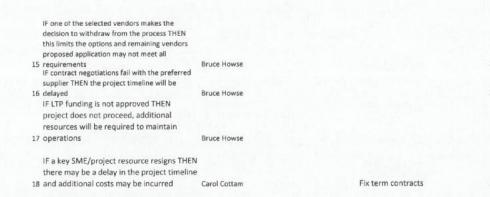
Attachments/Ngā tapirihanga

Attachment 1: Risk Register - Enterprise System U

Enterprise System Refresh Project Risk Register



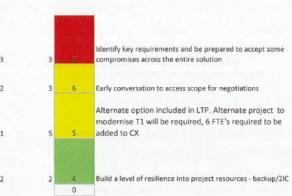
| | | | | Communication mathed | Inherent Risk Mitigation Strategies or Controls | | Control | | Residual Risk | | Agreed Artison to bring risk to stable | | Additional Comments | | |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------------------|--------------|---|--------------------------|------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------|--|----------|
| ID | Risk description | Risk Owner | Interested Parties | Communication method with interested parties | Likelihood Refer to Table 1 | onsequence eler to Table | Risk - Refer | Likelihood and Consequence | Control Effectiveness | Likelihood | Consequence | Risk - Refer to Table 3 | Trend | Agreed Actions to bring risk to stable position | (if any) |
| CO | here is a recurrence of a lockdown due to /ID19 or a move to higher level EN project timeline may be effected and litional cost incurred | Peuca Hauca | David Benfell Project Team Other staff | Teams Intranet | 3 | | | Ability to work remotely, have access to relevant systems, use of visual media for meetings, this would apply to both internal and external resources. | ı | | | | | Ensure all staff have ability to work remotely. Confirm other external parties | |
| T aud | ntional cost incurred | Bruce Howse | Other Staff | Email | 3 | 4 | | Utilise Teams application | moderate | 2 | | 3 6 | | also have this abiliy. | |
| THE 2 Enti IF N ava | here is a Dependency on the implementation data migration for SharePoint 8N this could impact the project timeline and erprise project budget IRC Enterprise project resources are not ilable (unable to be seconded)or | | Information Leadership Project Team Other staff | Ensure project status report is current & shows time line & any issues | 2 | 5 | 5 10 | Resource planning, Change manager onboard feb 2021, keep ahead of project issues as they arise and address in a timely manner. Detail data migration plan and interfaces | | 2 | | 2 4 | | | |
| 3 imp | endor resources are not available or | Bruce Howse | Project team Other staff | Resource planning as part of the project | 3 | 4 | iĝ. | Complete internal recruitment into seconded roles with appropriate backfill, timing or recruitment, secure funding. Resource plan due end Feb 2021 Negotiate fixed price contract with vendor with defined | | 2 | | 2 4 | | | |
| | propriate N the project timeline and quality will be acted | PM | Project team | Vendor project plan ensure resources are scheduled | 2 | 4 | 8 | milestones, robust procurement process, reference checks, project timeline confirmed to secure vendor resources, good NRC project management | | 2 | | 3 6 | | | |
| | RC do not make timely decisions N the project will be delayed | Ben Lee | ELT Project team | | 4 | 4 | 16 | Delegate decision making to appropriate level in project and identify products which require escalated approval, good project management. Keep senior management and governance informed, develop comms plan | | 2 | | 3 6 | | | |
| new | sers don't develop the skills to operate the | | | | | | | Ensure appropriate training at go-live. Ensure training media readily available and comms plan in place. Idenfication of SME's and business owners. | | | | | | | |
| 6 sup | N they may require greater levels of port | Bruce Howse | Project team | Training Plan part of proje | 3 | 4 | 12 | Identify train the trainer approach and resources Benefits of new system not relaised bensure adequate communications during project and appropriate training at go-live. Ensure change management | | 2 | | 2 4 | | | |
| THE | ther users do not accept the new system N the project will not have delivered the ected benefits/objectives | Bruce Howse | Project Team | Ensure thorough training | 2 | 4 | | processes are in place. Organisational eldership to support adoption of new system, Processes need to align to new system, gain buy in from evaluation team | | 2 | | 2 4 | | | |
| | ontract negotiations are drawn out N the project start may be delayed | Bruce Howse | | | 2 | | | Negotiate contract in parallel with detailed design activity. Secure specialist legal skills for negotiation, costs may vary | | | | | | | |
| 0 1110 | n the project start may be delayed | bruce nowse | | Operations required for project ensure there is a | 2 | • | | depending on supplier selected. Currently unbudgeted. | | 2 | | 6 | | | |
| | stem performance is poor N the adoption of the system will be acted | Carol Cottam | | solution architecture plan & thorough testing procedure in project plan | 2 | 3 | | Non-functional requirements will be defined and tested during the project, also local internet may contribute, consider reslience and redundant internet design from NRC sites | | 2 | | 2 4 | | | |
| THE | risting data is not of high quality or the version rules are complex N the ability to convert quality data will be | | | Data cleansing may part | | | | Minimise the amount of data to convert Start data cleansing early if required Archive non-migrated data. | | | | | | | |
| IF ot | her internal stakeholders are not available N system design and change management | Carol Cottam | | of the project plan | 3 | 4 | | Data migration strategy/plan Engage key work groups on Project Board and escalate as required. Develop resource plan and gain commitment from | | 2 | | 6 | | | |
| | *************************************** | Bruce Howse | | | 3 | 4 | | key project team members and managers non-tunctional requirements, will include data recovery and security, are tested during the project and assurance obtained from vendor. | | 2 | | 6 | | | |
| hack | e system is compromised from malware or ed (Cyber Activity) N this will impact the project timeline and get | Carol Cottam | | Ensure all security has been implemented | 2 | 5 | 10 | NRC side increasing our security posture to limit exposure to cyber risks, proposing to increase investment in cyber support in LTP. Remain aware of what current cyber threats are. | | 2 | | | | | |
| | ter design workshops (deep dive) it is rmined there is further work required | | | | | | | Ensure requirements in KHP are detailed and all processes are covered. No-one can can approve variations/changes other than project sponsor. | | | | | | | |
| THE | N the project timeline and budget will be acted ther programmes affect the project schedule | Bruce Howse/Carol Cottam | | Review budget | 3 | 3 | | Project Goverence to approve departure from standard software processes (non-adopt) | | 2 | | 6 | | | |
| | I the project timeline could be impacted | | | | | | | Prioritise through ELT and project governance, identify | | | | | | | |





The following table is used to analyse the likelihood of a risk occurring, e.g. how often the uncertain event is expected to occur pre-controls and post-controls (before and after existing and/or additional controls are considered):

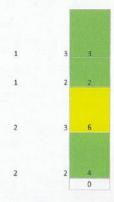
| Likelihood | Description | Probability |
|------------|---|-------------|
| Frequent | Continuous or will happen frequently Will most certainly occur in the foreseeable future | 5 |
| Often | 6 – 12 times per year Will possibly occur in the foreseeable future | 4 |
| Likely | 1 – 5 times per year There is always a chance it will occur in the foreseeable future | 3 |
| Possible | Once every 2 to 5 years There is little chance of occurrence in the foreseeable future | 2 |
| Rare | Less than once every five years Occurrence is unlikely in the foreseeable future | 1 |



Consequence

The following guide is used to analyse the consequence of a risk occurring, e.g. consequence if the uncertain event was to occur pre-controls and post-controls (before and after existing and/or additional controls are considered):

| Consequence | Severe 5 | Major 4 | Moderate 3 | Minor 2 | Inconsequential 1 |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| Risk Type | 11-11-11-11 | Name of the last o | A COLUMN TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY | | N N OF THE REAL PROPERTY. |
| Service Delivery | Serious loss of critical operational capability for more than 1 month and serious disruption to service levels | Serious loss of critical operational capability between 2 weeks and up to 1 month and major disruption to service levels | Serious loss of critical operations capability for over 2 weeks and disruption to service levels | Loss of critical operational capability in some areas and some disruption to service levels | No loss of critical operational capability or negative disruption to service levels |
| Reputation | Insurmountable loss in community confidence. Negative multi- media nation- wide coverage for 2 weeks + | Large loss in community confidence that will take significant time to remedy. Negative multi-media nation-wide coverage for up to 2 weeks | Manageable loss in community confidence. Negative multi-media nation-wide coverage for several days | Loss of confidence among sections of the community. Negative multi- media nation- wide coverage for 2 days | Negative feedback from individuals or small groups in the community. Negative regional multimedia coverage for up to 2 days |
| Financial | Loss of \$500K or greater (for a single council activity) | Loss of \$250K to \$500K (for a single council activity) | Loss of \$140K to \$250K (for a single council activity) | Loss of S50 to S140K (for a single council activity) | Loss of less than \$50K (for a single Council activity) |
| Health and Safety People and/or Plant/equipment/ facility | Fatality Major damage to plant of facility | >6 months off work/medical incapacity/Permanent Disabling Injury Serious damage to major plant or a facility | Lost Time Injury>Restricted Work Injury Significant damage to plant, equipment or | First Aid/Medical Treatment Injury Minor plant and equipment damage requiring repairs or | No injury/ No medical treatment < \$1,000 damage to plant and |
| recity | resulting in potential costs of >S1m | costing between \$100,001 to \$1m. | a facility costing between 510,001 to \$100,000 | replacement costing \$1,001 to \$10,000 | equipment |
| Legislativa | Breach of legislation that cannot be resolved internally and may give rise to penalties of over \$10m | Breach of legislation that cannot be resolved internally and may give rise to penalties of up to \$10m | Breach of legislation that cannot be resolved internally and may give rise to penalties of up to S1m | Breach of legislation which can be resolved internally and may give rise to penalties of up to \$250k | Breach of legislation which can be resolved internally and may give rise to penalties of up to 550k |
| infrastructure | Infrastructure is not operational. Significant improvements or repairs over \$10m are required. Unbudgeted and/or external resources are required to resolve | Infrastructure is not operational. Major improvements or repairs between 51m to 510m are required. Unbudgeted and/or external resources are required to resolve | Infrastructure is not fully operational, Moderate Improvements or repairs between \$250k to \$1m required. Unbudgeted and/or external resources may be required to resolve | Infrastructure remains mostly operational. Minor improvements or repairs between \$50k to \$250k required which can be met by current budget and/or internal resources | Infrastructure remains operational. Improvements or repairs up to 5500 required which can be met by current budget and/or internal resources. |



Once risks have been analysed, the following matrix and ranking are used to evaluate the risk rating pre and post-controls. This is used to determine what action is required by council in relation to the risk:

| | Consequence | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Likelihood | Inconsequential (1) | Minor (2) | Moderate (3) | Major (4) | Severe (5) | | | | |
| Frequent (5) | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | | | | |
| | Moderate | High | Extreme | Extreme | Extreme | | | | |
| Often (4) | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | | | | |
| | Low | High | High | Extreme | Extreme | | | | |
| Likely (3) | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | | | | |
| | Low | Moderate | High | High | Extreme | | | | |
| Possible (2) | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | | | | |
| | Low | Low | Moderate | High | High | | | | |
| Rare (1) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | | |
| | low | Low | Low | Low | Moderate | | | | |

TITLE: Insurance Update

ID: A1389846

From: Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence

Authorised by Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence, on

Group Manager:

Executive summary/Whakarāpopototanga

This report provides a copy of the AON insurable risk profiling report that was produced following a workshop with council staff and AON. The AON report profiles councils risk across a number of areas and provides a summary of opportunities and actions that can be undertaken to further limit or mitigate NRC's risk exposure and optimise insurance outcomes.

An update is provided on the increased costs of insurance for 2020/21. There has been a 20% average increase in insurance premiums for this year which equates to a 14% increase in costs to council from \$369k in 2019/20 to \$420k in 2020/21.

Recommendation

That the report 'Insurance Update' by Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence and dated 25 November 2020, be received.

Background/Tuhinga

Insurable Risk Profiling Report

The attached AON report profiles councils risk across a number of areas and provides opportunities for actions that can be undertaken to further limit or mitigate NRC's risk exposure and optimise insurance outcomes.

The AON report was produced following a workshop with council staff and AON. The main intention of the workshop was to identify opportunities to further limit or mitigate NRC's risk exposure and optimise insurance outcomes. A further workshop was then held with AON to prioritise the opportunities and determine actions to give effect to the opportunities.

Staff will undertake work to give effect to the actions identified in the report.

Increased Insurance Costs

There has been a 20% average increase in insurance premiums for this year which equates to a 14% increase in costs to council from \$369k in 2019/20 to \$420k in 2020/21. The breakdown of premium increases is provided in Table 1.

A 15% increase in premium cost was budgeted for this year, giving a total budget of \$412,942. A further 15% has been budgeted for in each following year of the draft LTP, including a \$28k provision for the risk pool ongoing liability in Year 1 of the draft LTP.

Revised quotes have been received from AON to assess the value in increasing excesses for a number of the insurable items to reduce cost. However, upon review the potential savings in insurance costs do not justify the revised risk and as such management has not directed AON to make changes to excesses. **Attachment 2** provides a breakdown of excesses and cover for 2019/20 and 2020/21 and highlights areas where changes have occurred.

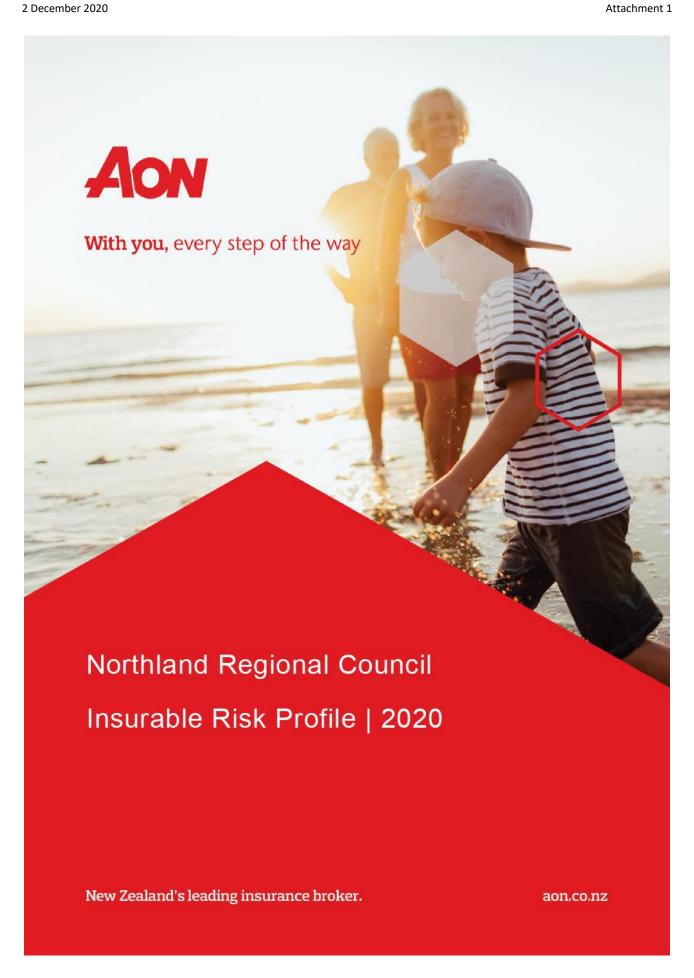
Table 1. breakdown of premium increases.

| Northland Regional Council Premium Summary | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Total Ex GST 2019/2020 | Total Ex GST 2020/2021 | % Increase | | | | | |
| Material Damage Fire | \$ 29,740.19 | \$ 43,334.56 | 46% | | | | | |
| Material Damage Ex Fire | \$ 47,468.92 | \$ 55,156.33 | 16% | | | | | |
| Business Interruption | \$ 2,348.76 | \$ 3,521.77 | 50% | | | | | |
| Infrastructure Cover | \$ 24,693.00 | \$ 28,315.88 | 15% | | | | | |
| Commercial Motor | \$ 61,308.06 | \$ 53,886.75 | -12% | | | | | |
| General Liability | \$ 15,376.40 | \$ 17,438.00 | 13% | | | | | |
| Liability Excess Layer | \$ 9,626.89 | \$ 11,833.39 | 23% | | | | | |
| Professional Indemnity | \$ 50,778.47 | \$ 65,797.00 | 30% | | | | | |
| Employers Liability | \$ 1,291.34 | \$ 1,510.00 | 17% | | | | | |
| Statutory Liability | \$ 6,899.83 | \$ 7,870.00 | 14% | | | | | |
| Fidelity/Crime | \$ 6,682.79 | \$ 7,316.51 | 9% | | | | | |
| Personal Accident | \$ 8,143.75 | \$ 8,963.00 | 10% | | | | | |
| Travel | \$ 1,669.65 | \$ 1,140.00 | -32% | | | | | |
| Harbour Masters & Wreck Removal | \$ 58,700.00 | \$ 64,575.00 | 10% | | | | | |
| Computer & Electronic Equipment | \$ 6,730.00 | \$ 8,517.23 | 27% | | | | | |
| Forestry | \$ 3,913.04 | \$ 4,835.76 | 24% | | | | | |
| Marine Hull | \$ 23,378.93 | \$ 23,871.92 | 2% | | | | | |
| Drone Cover | \$ 1,802.97 | \$ 2,763.08 | 53% | | | | | |
| Cyber | \$ 5,830.00 | \$ 5,840.00 | 0% | | | | | |
| Flyger road - Nursery | \$ 2,140.17 | \$ 3,755.89 | 75% | | | | | |
| TOTAL | \$ 368,523.16 | \$ 420,242.07 | 20% Average | | | | | |

Attachments/Ngā tapirihanga

Attachment 1: Northland Regional Council Insuravle Risk Profile 2020 🗓 🖼

Attachment 2: Insurance 🗓 🖺



Introduction

Overview

Northland Regional Council engaged Aon's expertise to facilitate an insurable risk profiling workshop. The workshop involved a cross-section of participants from different parts of the organisation. Key objectives of the process are to:

- Identify and describe insurable exposures to inform insurance coverage and limits.
- Evaluate Northland Regional Council's approach to risk governance and risk management, identifying opportunities for improvement.
- Develop an action plan to improve Northland Regional Council's risk profile and optimise insurance outcomes.

The overall risk profiling process is shown below.



Context

Against a backdrop of accelerated change and uncertainty, the way organisations purchase insurance is evolving. Our clients are looking harder at their insurance expenditure and are demanding more innovative solutions. As such, insurance is increasingly seen as one of several tools in an organisation's risk management toolbox. There is now a greater focus on optimising the organisation's overall risk management programme to create and protect value.

Risk management embraces a more integrated approach, connecting all relevant risks to overall objectives and strategy. This integrated approach aims to help with the setting of priorities, to ensure the success of strategy execution and to protect the interests of stakeholders. These good practices are reflected in important risk management standards such as ISO31000. Although the basic principles of risk management could apply to every organisation, the optimal level of investment can vary. The risk maturity goals of an organisation may differ depending on the way it is structured, the complexity of its processes, the markets it operates in, or the nature of its activities.

At Aon we help our clients to establish their risk management needs and ambitions, and to design plans to progress risk management to the desired maturity level. Within this report, we aim to provide an overview of your risk and insurance programme to help set your broad "next step" priorities. Based on the outcomes we are at your disposal to further analyse and define your organisation's risk management needs.

Aon New Zealand



Scope

The workshop covered modules as shown below.



Risk Governance

High-level organisational governance practices, culture and decision-making systems.



Technology

First and third party cyber exposures and associated risk management.



Material Damage

First party asset exposures (including business interruption) and associated insurance and risk management.



Risk Financing

Risk tolerance, retained risk and available risk financing tools.



Third Party Liability

Combined liability exposures and associated insurance and risk management.



Miscellaneous

Selection of other insurable risks.

The following sections contain tables for each module covered in the workshop. These present ratings on key components of a robust risk and insurance programme. For each component workshop participants were asked to rate their level of agreement with a statement that encompasses good performance in that area. Ratings can be used to identify potential areas and priorities for improvement. The scale used is shown below.



Further commentary on Northland Regional Council's insurable exposures and risk management can be found in Appendix A: Workshop Notes.

Aon New Zealand 2



Results Summary

Risk Governance

| Samuanant | Rating | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Component | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| High Level Commitment | | | • | | | | | |
| Executive Leadership | | • | | | | | | |
| Transparent Risk Communication | | | • | | | | | |
| Culture of Risk Ownership | | | | • | | | | |
| Data and Analytics | | | • | | | | | |
| Stakeholder Participation | | | | • | | | | |
| Risk-Based Decision Making | | | | • | | | | |
| Risk Quantification | | | • | | | | | |
| Optimised Risk Profile | | | • | | | | | |

Material Damage

| Component | Rating | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Component | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | |
| Quality Asset Data | | | • | | | | |
| Damage to Single Site | | | | • | | | |
| Business Interruption | | | | • | | | |
| Regional Event | | | | • | | | |
| Damage to Construction Works | | | • | | | | |
| Network Resilience | | | | • | | | |
| Climate Change | | | | • | | | |
| Claim Preparedness | | | | • | | | |

Third Party Liability

| Commonant | Rating | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Component | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| Public Liability | | | | • | | | | |
| Professional Liability | | | | • | | | | |
| Statutory Liability | | | | • | | | | |
| Management Liability | | | • | | | | | |
| Environmental Damage | | | • | | | | | |
| Harbourmaster's Liability | | • | | | | | | |
| Regulatory Compliance | | | | • | | | | |

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| Quality Management | | | • | |
|------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Change Management | | • | | |
| Contract Management | • | | | |
| Communication Channels | | | • | |
| Claim Preparedness | | • | | |

Technology

| Samuel and the same and the sam | Rating | | | | | |
|--|--------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Component | | 2 | 3 | | | |
| Data Breach | | | • | | | |
| Network Interruption | | | • | | | |
| IT Security and Continuity | | | • | | | |
| Cyber Security Human Factors | | | • | | | |

Risk Financing

| Commonant | Rating | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Component | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| Holistic Approach | | | • | | | |
| Risk Retention Capability | | | • | | | |
| Risk Communication | | | • | | | |

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Opportunities and Actions

The following table lists opportunities for improvement and associated priorities and actions. Aon is at Northland Regional Council's disposal to assist with implementation of actions as required.

| Opportunity | Priority | Action |
|---|----------|--|
| Data and Analytics: opportunity to develop a unified asset management system which could drive potential to better understand risk and explore information on precursors / risk drivers. | High | Implementing enterprise asset management system (in progress). Timeframe: April 2022 |
| Quality Asset Data: Insurance valuations recently completed for property assets. Opportunity for desktop peer review. | High | Aon to arrange call with valuations team for potential peer review and consideration of other assets. Timeframe: March 2021 |
| Quality Asset Data: opportunity to consider buildings NRC wouldn't replace like-for-like. Significant portion of portfolio. Could insure for just demolition costs. | High | Property team to review schedule. Timeframe: March 2021 |
| Business Interruption: opportunity to develop BCPs for loss of critical functions. | High | In progress. BCP framework to be developed and distributed to organisational managers by March 2021. Largely completed and operational by June 2021 (including scenario exercise). |
| Regional Event: opportunity to undertake loss modelling to determine NRC Probable Maximum Loss to inform sublimit. Aon to clarify how premium is allocated and who would get priority in a claim >\$125m (group limit). | Low | Memorandum of Understanding started. Aon provide update. Timeframe: December 2020 |
| Climate Change: opportunities to consider reinstatement strategies based on understanding of climate exposures and have proactive discussions with insurers. | High | Property team to review schedule. Timeframe: March 2021 |
| Management Liability: opportunity to review D&O requirements for council and what cover is available. | Medium | Aon to provide update on D&O exposures for Councils. Timeframe: March 2021 |
| Harbourmaster's Liability: opportunity to look at costs of increasing this limit to \$10m. Potential to undertake a risk quantification study of potential wreck removal costs (involving quotes from salvors). | Medium | Aon to provide information on cost. Timeframe: March 2021 |
| Contract Management: opportunity to drive consistency around procurement and contracts to keep pace with organisational growth. Potential to review contracts where third-parties limit liability towards NRC. | Medium | Short form contract updated, includes minimum PL and PI limits. Internal audit planned for procurement processes. Timeframe: November 2021 |
| Data Breach: opportunity to classify sensitivity of data and consider potential data breach scenarios, including financial impact and adequacy of \$2m limit. | Medium | NRC developing data strategy. This process to include data classification and estimation of financial impacts (based on number of records and breakdown of costs, e.g. potential fines). |

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| | | Timeframe: November 2021 |
|---|--------|--|
| Cyber Security Human Factors: opportunity to continue promoting awareness of cyber security through, education and training. | Medium | In progress – ongoing. |
| Claim Preparedness: opportunity for Aon claims team to run a session around 60:40 to improve awareness and understanding of central government response. Potential to improve staff awareness of contentious scenarios which could result in a claim. | Medium | Aon to arrange contact with specialist claim team. Timeframe: March 2021 |
| Risk Financing: opportunity to highlight risk-based asset management strategies and governance frameworks/effectiveness with insurers. | High | Aon to contact NRC in August 2021 to discuss potential to highlight approach. |
| Damage to Forestry: reinstatement costs for the poles at Flyger nursery are not currently covered, potential to get these included in the sum insured? Consider if this should be a full forestry policy now. Opportunity for insurance valuations. | Medium | NRC to establish values. Aon to advise appropriate policy. Timeframe: June 2021 |
| Motor Vehicle: potential to review deductible levels and what premium impacts this could have. | Medium | Aon to provide update. Timeframe: December 2020 |
| Group Life, Health and Benefits: opportunity to purchase Group Life instead of Personal Accident to provide wider coverage (and employee benefit). | Low | Aon to provide further information on price and structures. Revisit in 6 months' time. Timeframe: June 2021 |

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Risk Governance

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--------|
| High Level Commitment | The Board understands and commit to risk management. | Very diverse range of risks makes it difficult to achieve consistent understanding, e.g. oil spill, infrastructure, projects, consenting, regulations, political. Several Councillors replaced every election cycle. | 3 |
| | | Audit and Risk Committee meetings are held quarterly. Reporting to Council soon to be monthly. Independent risk advisor. Audit and Risk Committee. | |
| | | Emerging risks include: Water resilience Job market. Water staff leaving for other agencies. Changes in IT system. Directives from Central government. Climate Change RMA reform. | |
| Executive Leadership | Senior leaders drive risk management processes and development. | The organisation has an assigned Risk Manager. There is moderate level of uptake and use of risk processes throughout the organisation. Risk management roadmap based on AoG Risk Maturity Assessment. Rating moving towards a 3. | 2 |
| Transparent Risk Communication | There is consistent and routine risk reporting throughout the organisation. | There is generally consistent use of risk terminology throughout the organisation. Ongoing improvements. Risk communication includes: Kicking off training provided for Councillors. Intranet has a hub for risk management. ISO9001 quality management systems. LTP new initiatives, project planning includes risk. Reports to council include risk. | 3 |
| Culture of Risk Ownership | There is a risk culture that encourages engagement and accountability at all levels. | There is a good culture of risk ownership and accountability throughout the organisation. There is an open culture around negative outcomes. | 4 |

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--------|
| | | Good culture around putting your hand up. Grow and learn philosophy. Never persecute people. Very good around H&S. Top of mind. | |
| Data and Analytics | The organisation uses internal and external data and information to identify existing and emerging risks. | Examples of internal and external risk data that the organisation draws on includes: Local govt network – SOLGAM, special interest groups. Independent advisors, e.g. investment. BERL data on trends. Proactively seek data from Met Service / Niwa around climate or drought risks. Lag indictors in H&S and HR. Residents surveys, staff surveys, etc. Asset management system for all assets (and associated training) could provide opportunity to explore information on precursors / risk drivers. | 3 |
| Stakeholder Participation | Stakeholders collaborate in risk management, strategy development and policy setting. | Major stakeholders (e.g. suppliers, partners, customers, community) include: District councils, e.g. water resilience, especially around natural events such as drought. Government agencies. COOS COMMUNITY Fonterra Refinery Northport Civil Defence Good shared understanding of risk within Civil Defence Emergency Management, anything around plans. Lots of stakeholder involvement in plans. | 4 |
| Risk-Based Decision Making | Risk information is incorporated into decision making and the governance processes. | There is good use of risk information in strategic planning, investment decisions or projects. Examples include: LTP process Project planning Contracts Investment Debriefs on events and projects. | 4 |

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|------------------------|---|--|--------|
| Risk Quantification | Quantification methods are used to understand risk and demonstrate added value through risk management. | Risk assessment criteria are a mix of quantitative and qualitative. The organisation does not yet evaluate the effectiveness of risk management activities. Linkage between controls & risk is on road map. Internal/external audit looking at control environment. Forecasts produce single point estimates. Forecast budget – track against progress. NRC models / explores effects of different scenarios on rates, effects of taking on a work programme. Modelling around drought and impacts of drought. Coastal hazard modelling. River risk scenario modelling for flood scheme assets. | 3 |
| Optimised Risk Profile | The organisation leverages risk management to create and protect value. | Risk appetite statements reflect opportunities, but risk is primarily focused on preventing negative outcomes. | 3 |

Material Damage

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--------|
| Quality Asset Data | There is clarity around assets owned and valuations data is suitable for insurance purposes. | Good understanding of assets owned. Assets added directly to insurance schedule. Smaller assets added annually. Book values completed annually. Insurance valuations recently completed for property assets. Aon to arrange call with valuations team for potential peer review and consideration of other assets. Aon to follow up around specific arrangements for Kaipara Service Centre (interaction with NRC and tenant). Opportunity to consider buildings NRC wouldn't replace like-for-like. Significant portion of portfolio. Could insure for just demolition costs. | 3 |
| Damage to Single Site | Understanding of potential for a site- specific event and alignment with risk decisions. | Main office building- valued for \$11m for replacement. Uncertainty around whether it could be replaced for that. Fire loss limit is \$20m (any one loss and in the aggregate). | 4 |
| Business Interruption | Understanding of potential for business interruption from an event and alignment with risk decisions. | AICOW \$5m shared limit. No major sources of revenue (small amount from pilotage). No business continuity plans (BCPs) in place. Opportunity to develop these for loss of critical functions. | 4 |
| Regional Event | Understanding of potential for a regional event and alignment with risk decisions | Hazard assessment completed. Financial impact done for flood scheme. Aon to follow up around any loss modelling completed (regional and NRC-specific) and if there is an NRC sublimit. Opportunity to determine NRC Probable Maximum Loss to inform sublimit. Clarify how premium is allocated and who would get priority in a claim >\$125m. | 4 |
| Damage to Construction Works | Understanding of potential for damage to construction works and alignment with risk decisions | Works include: Kaipara Service Centre (new build). Kensington renovations. Aon recommends principal controlled insurance. NRC very involved in monitoring and managing construction risk. | 3 |
| Network Resilience | There is a shared understanding and defined approach to improving network resilience | Two brand new flood protection schemes. Older scheme in Kaitaia. Criticality assessments undertaken to identify critical assets and prioritise asset management. Based likelihood and consequence of failure– fees into asset management and renewals. | 4 |

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|--------------------|--|---|--------|
| Climate Change | The organisation has climate governance arrangements in place and considers direct and indirect climate risk | Major exposures are flood schemes, increased risk of higher rainfall. Build climate change into flood mapping. This is used in designs. Regional report done with NIWA. Climate change working party. Inter-council climate change governance groups. Climate risk strategy. Risks on register around climate change A lot of land in CBD subject to sea level rise. Opportunities to consider reinstatement strategies and have proactive discussions with insurers. | 4 |
| Claim Preparedness | There are claims processes in place and clarity around insurance and government response | Small items maybe not directly raised. Very responsive from a property perspective – good awareness. Opportunity for Aon claims team to run a session around 60:40. | 4 |

Third Party Liability

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|---------------------------|--|--|--------|
| Public Liability | Understanding of potential liability for damage, personal injury or pure economic loss and alignment with risk decisions. | Standard Regional Council exposures. Burst of flood banks leading to third party property damage. Only if NRC was negligent, e.g. designed to a lower level than should have. \$15m general liability limit with excess limit cross all groups. | 4 |
| Professional Liability | Understanding of potential liability incurred by giving negligent advice or through a breach of professional duty and alignment with risk decisions. | Hypothetical issue caused by resource consent granted by NRC. Example of land instability allegedly attributed to earthworks undertaken by NRC, however, consent not the reason for the loss. No external advisory services provided by NRC. | 4 |
| Statutory Liability | Understanding of fines or penalties imposed for breaches of statutes and alignment with risk decisions | Standard exposures, mainly Health and Safety. Staff on water, driving. Construction activity. | 4 |
| Management Liability | Understanding of potential liability resulting from mistakes or deliberate acts of directors / officers and alignment with risk decisions. | Northland Inc (arrange own insurance). Marsden Maritime (NRC majority shareholder). Conflicts of interest through procurement process. Aon to provide update on D&O exposures for Councils. | 3 |
| Environmental Damage | Understanding of potential environmental liability and alignment with risk decisions. | Examples include: Gradual site contamination. Leaking pipeline. Old landfill sites (none owned by NRC). NRC has a site occupied by Balance (fertiliser). Buildings have asbestos. No Environmental cover in place. Aon to provide more information. Suitable for known sites with potential to pollute. Site-specific. | 3 |
| Harbourmaster's Liability | | Largest exposure would be around a Harbourmaster direction/decision going wrong, e.g. damaged vessel allowed into harbour and runs aground. Wreck removal the more likely scenario. \$5m probably not sufficient to cover costs of a credible wreck removal where vessel owner is not insured. Opportunity to look at costs of increasing | 2 |

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|---------------------------|--|--|--------|
| | | this limit to \$10m. Potential to undertake a risk quantification study of potential wreck removal costs (involving quotes from salvors). | |
| Regulatory Compliance | Statutory requirements are understood and monitored. | Externally driven, e.g. audit requirements. Managed with spreadsheet. Audit has identified key legislation. Individual managers responsible for legislation outside of key legislation. This is checked through the QMS. | 4 |
| Quality Management | Quality management systems are in place to prevent and mitigate liability exposures. | ISO 9001 certified – regulatory services, some of environmental services, maritime, some of corporate (HR, H&S, information management), land management. Not certified – property, biosecurity, finance, transport, customer services, civil defence, communications, planning & policy, etc. Generally, an underlying quality culture. Suppliers required where it is a requirement, e.g. H&S, goods that require accreditation. Resourcing done through LTP process. Well-placed resources. | 4 |
| Change Management | Change management systems are in place to prevent and mitigate liability exposures. | Central government initiatives: RMA, fresh water policy, three-waters reform. Emerging risks monitored. Succession planning. Ways to capture knowledge. Leadership training. Identifying staff with management potential. A lot of cross over within teams. Varies within the organisation. | 3 |
| Contract Management | Contract management systems are in place to prevent and mitigate risk | Many low risk contracts, some high risk. Considering specialist advice around procurement / contracting advice. Driven by growth of the organisation. Contracts where other party limits liability. Mixed bag. Crossed out in construction. Opportunity to advise insurers where liability limited. Minimum cover usually required for contractors. Rating varies across divisions. | 2 |
| Communication Channels | There are clear channels of communication between departments. | Silo culture raised in staff survey, but perception is there is large cross over. Work from home policy implemented. Communication being maintained (part of terms of the policy). | 4 |

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|--------------------|--|--|--------|
| Claim Preparedness | There are claims processes in place and clarity around insurance response. | Potential opportunity for improvement of staff awareness of contentious scenarios which could result in a claim. | 3 |

Technology

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|------------------------------|---|--|--------|
| Data Breach | Understanding of data breach exposures and alignment with risk decisions | PII on staff. Amount of information will increase. Will be more systematic, i.e. moving from excel to databased. Commercial / financial information around consents data. Opportunity to classify sensitivity of data. Health monitoring. Confidential items in Council agenda, e.g. procurement. Opportunity to review data breach exposures and \$2m limit adequacy. | 3 |
| Network Interruption | Understanding of network interruption exposures and alignment with risk decisions | Significant work around understanding this profile. Civil Defence – telemetry systems are critical (weather related). Most systems not able to be re-established easily. Resident in local data centre but not cloud base. Normal operating business state. Office 365. Financial system – could do without for approximately 2 weeks in a normal state but would be critical in an emergency state. Costs to re-establish in an emergency could be greater than \$2m limit. | 3 |
| IT Security and Continuity | The organisation maintains effective IT security and is prepared to manage a disruptive event | Disaster Recovery Plans in place. Worked as normal during Covid. Programme of work in place based on risk. Actively monitoring files moved across network. | 3 |
| Cyber Security Human Factors | Staff are aware of exposures and trained appropriately | Training and testing done but risk assessment has identified awareness needs to improve. Opportunity around education and training. | 3 |

Risk Financing

| Component | Statement | Workshop Comments | Rating |
|---------------------------|--|---|--------|
| Holistic Approach | There is a holistic approach to risk financing which considers the range of tools available. | No disaster reserve fund. Large debt headroom. 85m cap, currently at 14m. Good liquidity. Opportunity to outline an insurance strategy considering wider range of tools. Opportunity to consider deductibles on vehicle policy. | 3 |
| Risk Retention Capability | Retained risks are understood and managed in relation to risk tolerance. | Unbudgeted expenditure \$50k. Financial strategy limited to 10% rise. \$400,000 unbudgeted loss would cause a 1% increase in rates. Opportunity to roll CCO insurance in with council insurance. | 3 |
| Risk Communication | Risk understanding and management is actively communicated to insurance markets to differentiate the organisation. | Opportunity to highlight risk-based asset management strategies and governance frameworks/effectiveness with insurers. | 3 |

Miscellaneous

| Risk | Description | Insurable Exposures | Cover |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Aviation Incident | Physical damage or liability relating to the use or management of airports, aircraft or UAVs. | Use of drones. | Aviation - UAV |
| Marine Incident | Physical damage or liability arising out of the use of watercraft. | Material exposure. Buoys to hold water monitoring equipment. Approximately 30k each. Opportunity to add to schedule. | Marine Hull Harbourmaster and Wreck Removal |
| Motor Vehicle Incident | Loss or damage to vehicles or third-party liability in connection to vehicles. | Material exposure. Opportunity to review deductible. | Motor Vehicle |
| Employer's Liability | Damages for claims from an employee sustaining personal injury during their employment. | Material exposure. Review whether this is necessary. | Employer's Liability |
| Personal Accident | To provide cash benefits in the event of death or disablement following accident to insured person. | Applies to accidental death only. Cover originally intended to cover costs of a byelection. | Personal Accident |
| Employment Disputes Liability | Liability for claims against employers arising from disputes such as wrongful termination, harassment and discrimination. | Material exposure. | Not insured. |
| Employee Crime | Financial loss due to employee crime, e.g. theft, fraud, embezzlement. | Material exposure. | Not insured. |
| Travel Incident | Baggage, medical costs and other travel related risks. | Material exposure. | Business Travel |
| Damage to Forestry | Damage to forestry due to specified perils including, but not limited to, fire and lightning. | Material exposure. | Nursery |

| Risk | Description | Insurable Exposures | Cover |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| | | Opportunity to review. Poplar poles growing rapidly. Large now. Opportunity to get insurance valuations. | |
| Loss of or Damage to Fine Art | Loss of or damage to fine art, e.g. due to fire, theft. | Limited exposure. | Sublimit under MD policy. |
| Event Incident | Liability relating to an event or first party losses from cancellation, abandonment, disruption or rescheduling of an event. | No material exposure identified. | Not insured. |
| Agricultural Incident | Physical damage or liability relating to bloodstock, farms, livestock or growing crops. | Material exposure. | Farm |
| Rolling Stock Incident | Physical damage to rolling stock. | No material exposure identified. | Not insured. |
| Group Life, Health and Benefits | Benefits including a variety of special forms of insurance including life insurance, long term disability, salary continuance, medical expenses and superannuation. | Opportunity to purchase Group Life instead of Personal Accident to provide wider coverage (and employee benefit). Aon to provide further information on price and structures. Revisit in 6 months' time. | Not purchased |

Attachment 2: Schedule of insurance policies showing changes in premium, excess and cover from 2019/20 to 2020/21.

| Insurance Policy | Covers | 2019-20 Cover \$ | 2019-20 Premium Pa | 2019-20 Excess | 2020-21 Cover \$ | 2020-21 Premium Pa | 2020-21 Excess | Comments |
|---|--|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Material Damage Fire/ Material Damage Ex Fire | Material damage cover insures Council against loss or damage to physical assets including buildings, contents, plant and equipment & field equipment | \$56,176,887 | \$79,557 | \$5,000 | \$56,046,605 | \$102,012 | \$5,000 | Comment from AON "The premium savings for the MD fire only policy would be fairly light by way of indication the insurer has suggested that there might be a saving of ~\$1,500 to \$10,000 excess and a saving of ~\$5,000 to increase to a \$50,000 excess" |
| Liability Excess Layer - National Councils Collective | Additional Layer over and above the \$15,000,000 Liability insurance | \$145,000,00 | \$9,627 | \$15,000,000 | \$145,000,00 0 | \$11,833 | \$15,000,000 | |
| Public Liability | Public Liability Insurance, often referred to as General Liability, gives you peace of | \$15,000,000 | \$15,376 | \$10,000 | \$15,000,000 | \$17,438 | \$10,000 | |

| Insurance Policy | Covers | 2019-20 Cover \$ | 2019-20 Premium Pa | 2019-20 Excess | 2020-21 Cover \$ | 2020-21 Premium Pa | 2020-21 Excess | Comments |
|---|--|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---|
| | mind, protecting council business against such claims by providing compensation for property damage, and personal injury or death in circumstances that are not covered by the Accident Compensation Commission (ACC) | | | | | | | |
| Professional Indemnity | Protects Council and staff against any financial losses or legal action taken against Council for services or advice you have provided. | \$15,000,000 | \$54,820 | \$25,000 | \$15,000,000 | \$65,797 | \$25,000 | |
| Contract Works - Kensington PRF Funded | It is designed to cover work that's underway and can pay to repair or redo the work in progress if it's damaged by an insured event like fire, flood, storm, vandalism or theft. This can include the cost of the labour, materials and tools to get the work back to the stage it was at before it was damaged. | \$6,936,859 | \$19,733 | \$5,000 | \$8,200,000 | \$3,345 | \$5,000 | Currently Extended to the 16th Dec 2020 (20/21 invoice is for the extension) |

| Insurance Policy | Covers | 2019-20 Cover \$ | 2019-20 Premium Pa | 2019-20 Excess | 2020-21 Cover \$ | 2020-21 Premium Pa | 2020-21 Excess | Comments |
|------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| Commercial Motor | Protects any vehicles used for Council purposes against property damage and liability | \$2,099,776 | \$61,308 | \$500 | \$2,119,942 | \$53,887 | \$500 | AON have put the question to the Motor Underwriter for options with a \$1,000 and \$5,000 excess |
| Employers Liability | Employers Liability insurance provides cover for claims made by employees against. employers for injuries or illness occurring in the workplace - that falls outside the scope of cover provided by ACC. | \$1,000,000 | \$1,410 | \$1,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,510 | \$1,000 | |
| Statutory Liability | A statutory liability policy is designed to protect Council from fines, penalties and reparation under the health and safety legislation imposed by the courts for unintentional breaches of most laws in New Zealand. It also covers the legal costs of investigating and defending claims | \$2,000,000 | \$7,369 | \$10,000 except for - \$25,000 claims arising from Health and Safety and Resource Managemen t Act | \$2,000,000 | \$7,870 | \$10,000 except for - \$25,000 claims arising from Health and Safety and Resource Managemen t Act | |

| Insurance Policy | Covers | 2019-20 Cover \$ | 2019-20 Premium Pa | 2019-20 Excess | 2020-21 Cover \$ | 2020-21 Premium Pa | 2020-21 Excess | Comments |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| Harbour Masters Liability | ** Wreck removal excess is \$100,000 | \$40,000,000 | \$58,700 | \$20,000 | \$40,000,000 | \$64,575 | \$50,000 | Underwriter has increased their minimum excess from \$20,000 to \$50,000 - |
| | Sums which the Insured is legally liable for whilst exercising the statutory powers and. duties of Harbour Master. | | | | | | | Chances are Slim to get it put back to \$20,000 |
| UAV Hull and Liabilty Insurance | UAV Hull/ Drone cover of devices for the named Pilots | \$20,691 | \$1,745 | \$500 | \$28,892 | \$2,763 | \$500 | |
| | Includes a \$1,000,000 Third party liability | | | | | | | |
| Forestry Cover | Standing Timber - Mt Tiger forest 12 Blocks. Fire Fighting Levy, ReEstablish & Removal of Debris, Hail Strike and Claims Preparation | \$3,392,373 | \$3,913 | \$25,500 | \$3,359,144 | \$4,836 | 1.5% of the Sum Insured of each and every Forest Location with Area Damaged minimum | Comment from AON "Forestry insurer has removed cover for Infrastructure - Spoke to Forestry Manager about this" |

| Insurance Policy | Covers | 2019-20 Cover \$ | 2019-20 Premium Pa | 2019-20 Excess | 2020-21 Cover \$ | 2020-21 Premium Pa | 2020-21 Excess | Comments |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| | | | | | | | \$10,000, maximum \$2,500,000 Each & Every Single Cause | |
| Marine Hull | Covers Marine Hull and Navigation Aids - accidental loss or damage to boats used for commercial purposes; it includes salvage costs, and third party liability cover (\$5M). Vessels insurance covers accidental loss or damage to the vessel | \$3,004,128 | \$23,379 | Various | \$3,057,653 | \$23,872 | Various | |
| Infrastructure | Flood Protection (Awanui, Kaeo, Whangarei Urban) Covers Physical loss caused by a Natural Castastophe Event including: Earthquake, Natural Landslip, Flood, Tsunami, Tornado, Windstorm, Volcanic Eruption, Hydrotherman & Geothermal Activity and Subterranean Fire | \$33,823,963 | \$24,693 | \$100,000 | \$35,696,710 | \$28,316 | \$100,000 | Valuations were done June 2020 and now include the Panguru Scheme |

| Insurance Policy | Covers | 2019-20 Cover \$ | 2019-20 Premium Pa | 2019-20 Excess | 2020-21 Cover \$ | 2020-21 Premium Pa | 2020-21 Excess | Comments |
|--|--|---------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|---|----------|
| Computer & Electronic Equipment Breakdown | Covers Accidental damage including breakdown and the restoration of Data/Loss of Software | \$906,806 | \$6,730 | Various | \$1,173,829 | \$8,517 | Various | |
| Crime | Responds to claims for direct loss to Council arising from any fraudulent or dishonest act or acts committed by employees and third parties. Given the nature of this cover it is incumbent upon Council to maintain strictly confidentiality as to the existence or otherwise of such cover | \$1,000,000 | \$6,683 | \$25,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$7,317 | \$25,000 | |
| Personal Accident | Financial and other assistance for Council, your employees and their families in the event of an employee's accidental injury or death | Various | \$8,144 | 7 day wait period for Weekly Injury Benefit and Weekly | Various | \$8,963 | 7 day wait period for Weekly Injury Benefit and Weekly | |

| Insurance Policy | Covers | 2019-20 Cover \$ | 2019-20 Premium Pa | 2019-20 Excess | 2020-21 Cover \$ | 2020-21 Premium Pa | 2020-21 Excess | Comments |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| | | | | Sickness Benefit | | | Sickness Benefit | |
| Travel | Covers Employees from financial losses occured during international and domestic business trips | Various | \$1,670 | \$250 for Mobile Electronic Equipment. 7 days wait period for Temporary Total Disablement. No other excesses | Various | \$1,140 | \$250 for Mobile Electronic Equipment. 7 days wait period for Temporary Total Disablement. No other excesses | |
| Cyber | Provides cover in the event that Council is a victim of a data breach. It covers the financial consequences of lost or stolen employee or customer data, including damages claims and loss of profit, while it also covers the cost of restoring or recollecting data following a breach | \$2,000,000 | \$5,830 | \$25,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$5,840 | \$25,000 | |
| Flyger Road | Covers the Flyger Road Nursery -Including standing Timber - Poplars, Total Span | \$394,481 | \$3,092 | \$500 | \$480,153 | \$3,756 | \$500 | - To increase the excess from \$500 to \$5,000 there would be a \$600 |

| Insurance Policy | Covers | 2019-20 Cover \$ | 2019-20 Premium Pa | 2019-20 Excess | 2020-21 Cover \$ | 2020-21 Premium Pa | 2020-21 Excess | Comments |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Shed and Equipment used on the nursery | | | | | | | saving - Has also had a claim since last renewal |

TITLE: Risk Management Activity Update

ID: A1387123

From: Kym Ace, Corporate Systems Champion

Authorised by Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence, on date

Group Manager:

Executive summary/Whakarapopototanga

The Risk Management Activity Update Report outlines the summary of Council's progress in risk management related activities including updates on Corporate and Group risks, risk management maturity assessment and the risk management maturity roadmap

Recommendation(s)

- 1. That the report 'Risk Management Activity Update' by Kym Ace, Corporate Systems Champion and dated 18 November 2020, be received.
- 2. That Subcommittee conforms that it is comfortable that the management actions are adequate to respond to the findings of the Risk Management Maturity Assessment
- 3. That Subcommittee notes the risk maturity roadmap update.

Background/Tuhinga

Risk Register:

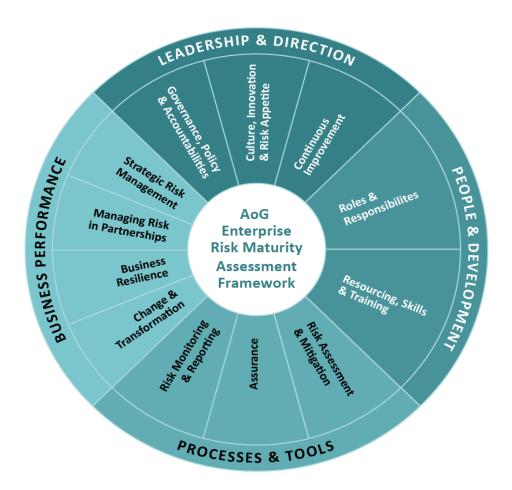
The corporate and group risks, their risk types, pre-control (inherent) and post control (residual rating) and trending are summarised in Appendix 1.

Risk Maturity Matrix:

The All-of-Government (AoG) enterprise risk maturity framework was used as the benchmark to assess our risk maturity. The framework enables agencies to objectively measure the current level of risk maturity and identify improvement opportunities. It is grouped into four key dimensions:

- Leadership & Direction
- People & Development
- Processes and Tools
- Business Performance

An overview of the framework is provided in the below graphic:



With input from ELT, it was determined that given NRC's size, scale and mandate a minimum maturity level of "3" would need to be attained using the AoG model.

The review determined across all dimensions within the framework NRC scored below the minimum threshold of '3'. The framework dimensions that noted the largest maturity gaps included:

1. Leadership and Direction:

 Establishing a long-term vision for risk management to provide a frame that enables continuous improvement

2. People and Development:

 There are limited resources across the business (e.g. risk champions) that can assist with embedding a consistent approach to risk management. These champions would need to be supported by adequate training.

3. Processes and Tools:

• An absence of a formal (lines of defence) assurance framework that could guide an internal audit programme and the execution of audits within the programme.

4. Business Performance:

- Partnership An absence in policy for the assessment of risk in partnership and the regular performance management of these partners
- An absence of a comprehensive Business Continuity Plan (other than Covid).

The full risk assessment maturity gaps using the AoG model is outlined in the spider diagram below:



The following section outlines the key decisions recommended by ELT regarding this assessment and the roadmap to implementation:

| Element | Attribute | Improvement opportunity/ Management actions | By Whom | Due Date |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------|
| Leadership & | Governance, Policy & | * Risk training for: | | |
| Direction | Accountabilities | Councillors and | Danny Tuato'o | Commencing Dec 2020 |
| | | • staff. | TBC | TBC |
| | | * The senior leadership team to provide specific direction around the management of top risks and start to challenge risk and assurance information: action taken and the potential impact on other areas/groups and partners. | ELT | Quarterly |
| | Culture, Innovation & Risk Appetite | * Review risk appetite statement in the framework, get approval of ELT and endorsement from A&R Subcommittee. | Kym Ace | Jun-21 |
| | | * Utilise the risk appetite statement to define risk tolerance levels for individual risks | Risk Owners | Dec-21 |
| | Continuous Improvement | *Perform a review of the effectiveness of risk management practices on a formal basis, consider if an external audit is warranted. | Bruce Howse | Jul-21 |
| People & development | Roles and Responsibilities | * Ensure risk management roles and responsibilities are communicated for all risk areas and across all business activities | TBC | TBC |
| | | * Ensure adequate support is provided to corporate risk management roles and responsibilities to drive elements of good practice across council activities | Bruce Howse | On-going |

| | Resources, Skills & Training | * Develop structured risk management training for roles with risk management responsibilities | TBC | TBC |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | * Consider the development of risk champions in various business activities. This could potentially be the risk treatment stakeholders | ELT | Apr-21 |
| Processes & Tools | Risk Assessment & Mitigation | * Develop / review all tools, templates and training to enable staff to perform risk assessment processes to ensure consistency across council activities. | Kym Ace | Ongoing |
| | | * Implement a process to evaluate the effectiveness of existing treatments in the assessment of risk ratings. (i.e. do the risk treatments correlate to the residual risk ratings) e.g. H, M, L scoring system. | Bruce Howse Kym Ace | Jun-21 |
| | Assurance | * Risk gaps and emerging risks included as a standard ELT and A&R agenda item at least quarterly | Bruce Howse Kym Ace | Ongoing |
| | Risk Monitoring & Reporting | * Develop a practical and fit-for-purpose risk reporting model that meets the needs of ELT, A&R and council. | Bruce Howse Kym Ace | June 21 and ongoing |
| | | * Provide these risk reports to ELT and A&R to assist decision making and management action | Kym Ace | Quarterly - on going |
| Business Performance | Strategic Risk Management | *Enhance and/or ensure that the LTP cycle includes a review of the risks as well as external trends and indicators. | Kyla Carlier | Underway |
| | Managing Risk in Partnerships | * Enhance Project, Contract and Procurement Management practices to perform assessment of | Kym Ace | Align with Enterprise system |

| | risks and the regular performance monitoring of partners. | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| Business Resilience | *Develop a comprehensive BCP ensuring alignment between disruptive and extreme event assessment and BCP planning as well as longer term investment planning | Kym Ace Framework only. OMT - detail | Apr-21 |
| Change & Transformation | *Review existing policies, frameworks and templates and develop as necessary to ensure formal monitoring and assurance regimes are in place for significant change initiatives. This assurance should be independently performed. | Bruce Howse Carol Cottam | Align with Enterprise system |

Full details for each individual dimension and the specific assessment gaps can be found in Appendix Two:

Lastly, NRC will need to maintain the following success factors throughout our risk management journey:

- Buy-in and tone at the top. Risk management practices are more effective when they are supported by senior managers. Managers and leaders need to be actively involved in risk management activities, encourage risk-related conversations and apply risk-based decision making
- Clear direction by Governance. Audit & Risk Subcommittee should provide input into Council's risk appetite, assist management in risk assessment, and define what risk information they want to receive
- Risk culture. Risk management process improvement requires Council to not only have tools and processes, but also to embrace a culture of risk awareness and transparency. All staff have a role to play and should be encouraged to actively participate in Council's risk identification, communication or response
- To support this journey, Council should support its staff with a relevant risk related training and awareness programme.

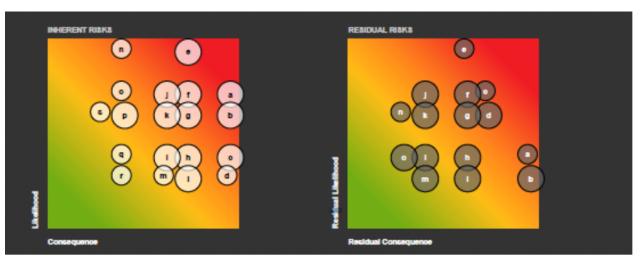
Attachments/Ngā tapirihanga

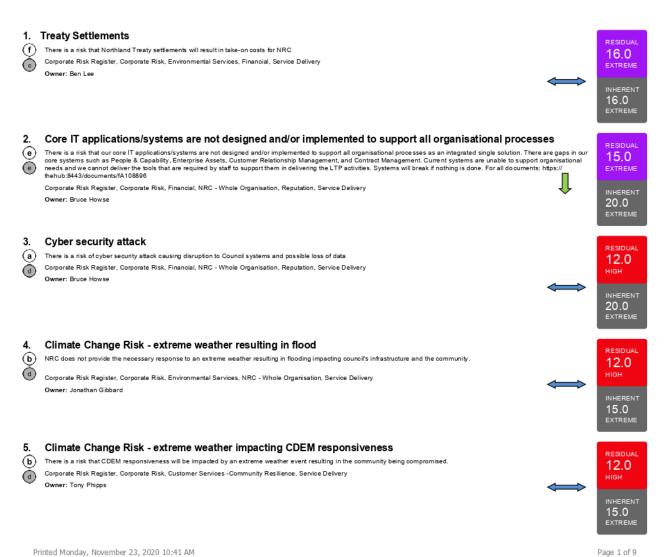
Attachment 1: Appendix 1- Risk Register Summary J.

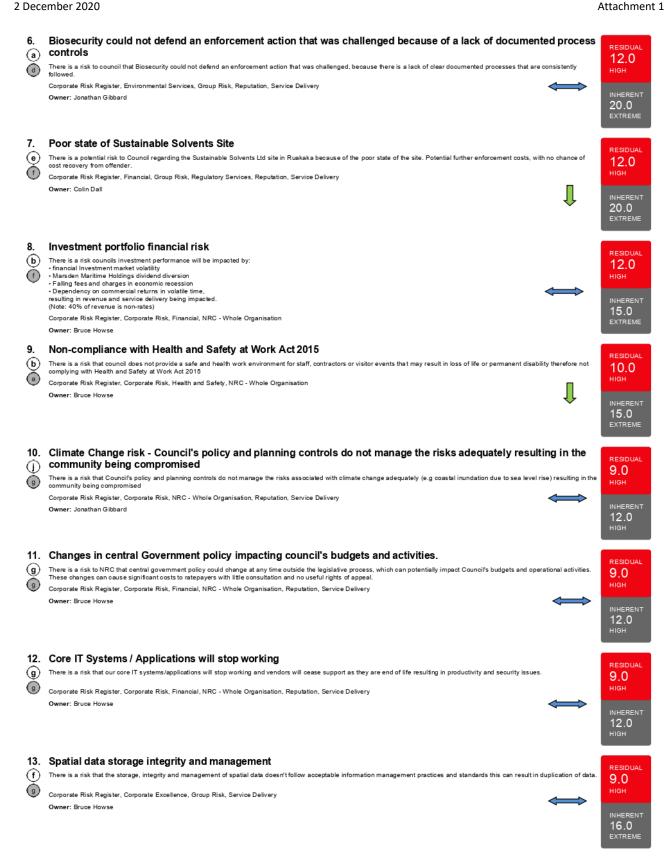
Attachment 2: Appendix 2 - Detailed Risk Maturity Assessment This attachment will be sent separately U

Appendix 1 Corporate and Group Risk Register

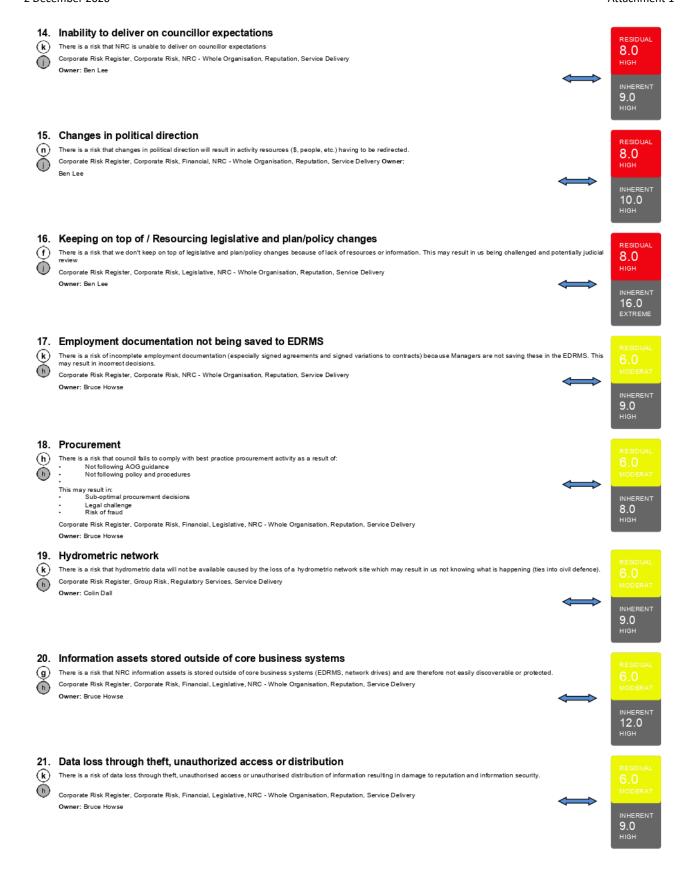
Risk Trend Trending up No Change to Risk Profile Trending down



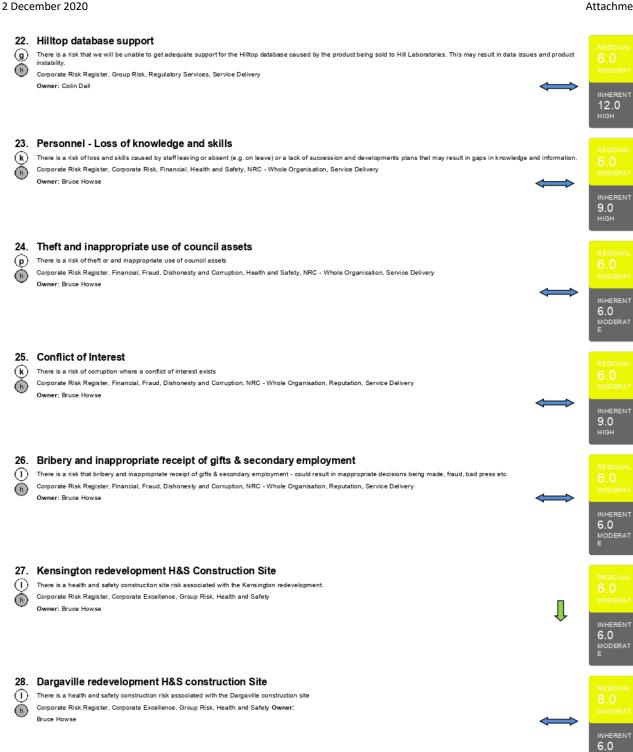




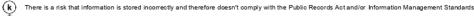
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29. Information incorrectly stored and therefore not complying with the Public Records Act

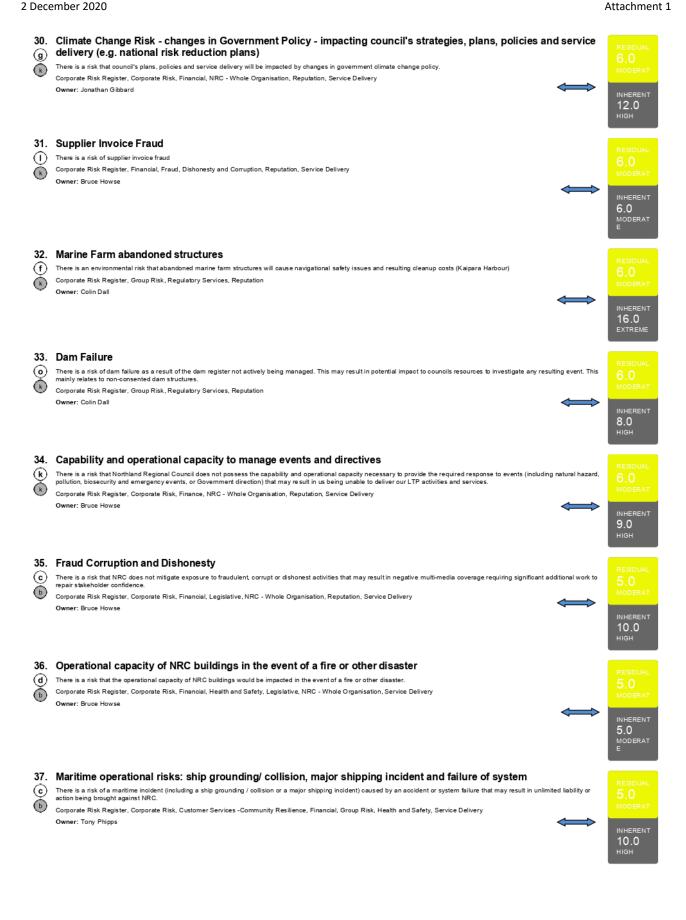


(k) Corporate Risk Register, Corporate Excellence, Financial, Group Risk, Reputation, Service Delivery

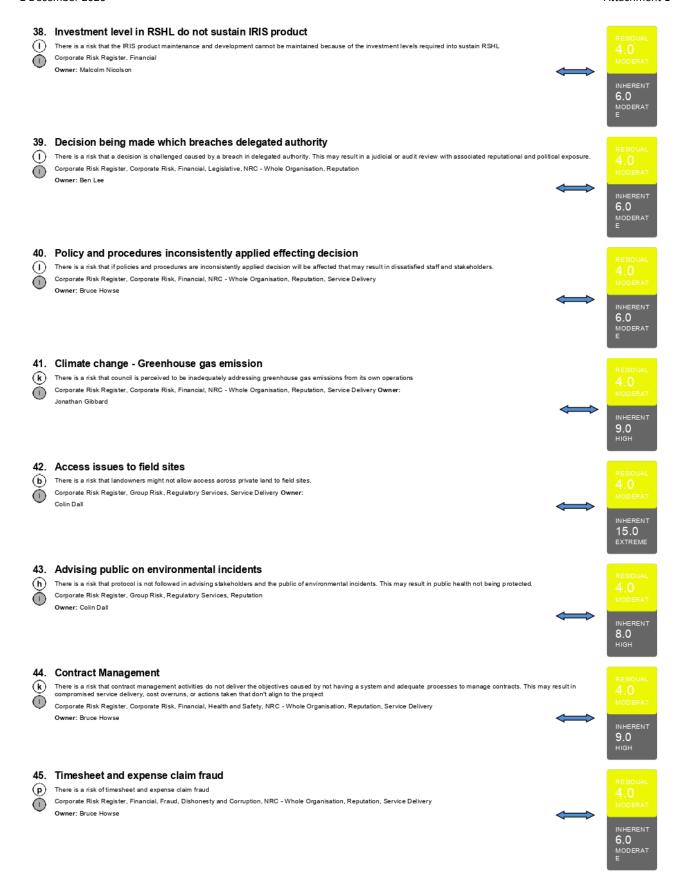
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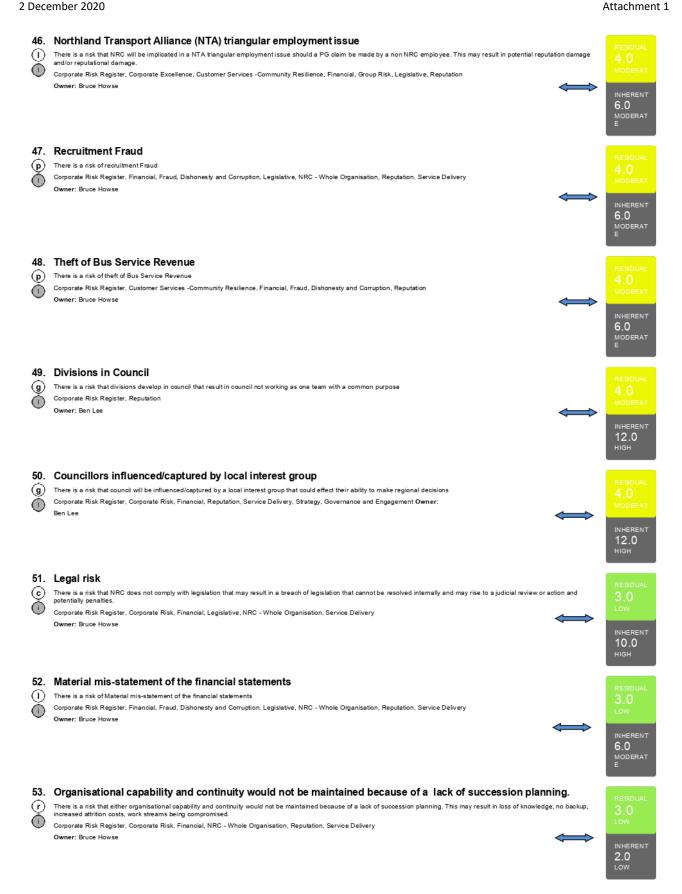
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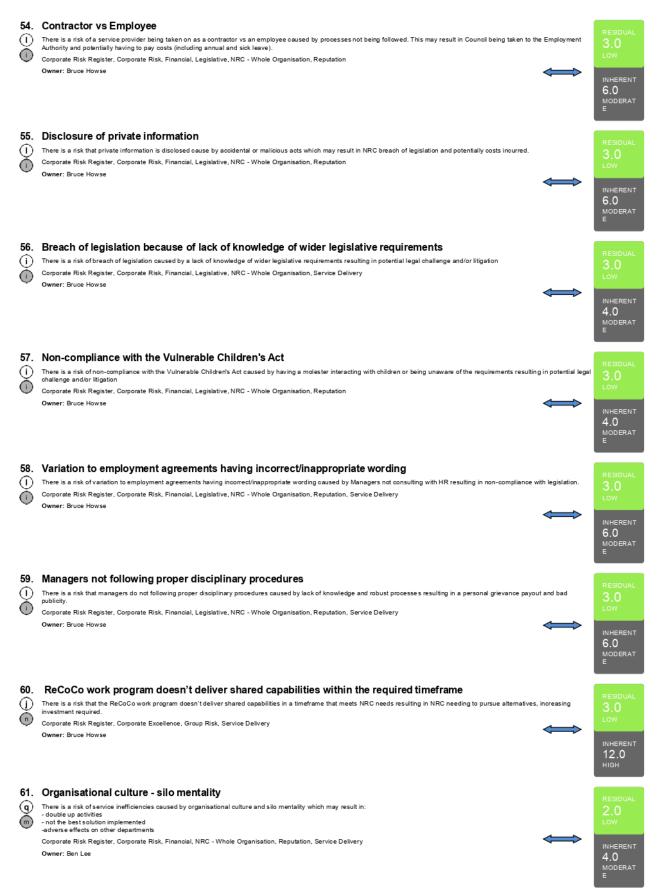
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62. Payroll Fraud m There is a risk of payroll fraud Corporate Risk Register, Corporate Excellence, Financial, Fraud, Dishonesty and Corruption, Reputation, Service Delivery 3.0 63. Flyger Road Nursery - strategy and LTP LOS There is a risk that we will not meet our soil conservation strategy and LTP levels of services caused by poles not being available from the Flyger Road Nursery Corporate Risk Register, Environmental Services, Group Risk, Service Delivery Owner: Jonathan Gibbard INHERENT 6.0 MODERAT 64. Loss of physical information due to natural disaster (C) There is a risk that physical information assets are lost due to a natural disaster (flood, etc.) that may result in us being unable to answer information requests. Corporate Risk Register, Corporate Risk, Financial, Legislative, NRC - Whole Organisation, Reputation, Service Delivery INHERENT 10.0 HIGH 65. Theft of Koha (s) There is a risk of theft of koha Corporate Risk Register, Financial, Fraud, Dishonesty and Corruption, NRC - Whole Organisation, Reputation, Service Delivery

Placeholder for Attachment B

Risk Management Activity Update

Appendix 2 - Detailed Risk Maturity Assessment This attachment will be sent separately

TITLE: Internal Audit Programme

ID: A1388420

From: Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence

Authorised by Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence, on

Group Manager:

Executive summary/Whakarāpopototanga

A schedule of items for an internal audit programme has been identified for the next three years, subject to annual budget (\$52k), as presented in Table 1. The findings from the internal audit programme will be reported to the Audit and Risk subcommittee as the work is completed.

Table 1. Proposed 3-year internal audit programme

| Year 1 - 2020/21 | Year 2 – 2021/22 | Year 3 - 2022/23 |
|---|---|--|
| FNDC rates collection, audit to confirm robustness of collection of NRC rate revenue and general title arrears recovery process. Human resources procedures. Fraud control environment. Insurance – AON insurable risk review (completed). | WDC rates collection. Property management. Procurement. Risk management. | KDC rates collection. Externally managed funds – SIPO, governance, reporting, treasury management. Legislative compliance. |

Other items that have been identified for internal audit include:

- Asset management once Enterprise System is implemented and operational
- Cyber security audits
- User fees and charges
- Business continuity plan once developed and operational
- Health and safety
- Record keeping compliance

These items are beyond the scope of the current budget for internal audit but could be exchanged for the items included in Table 1.

Direction is sought from the Audit and Risk subcommittee on the proposed 3-year internal audit programme.

Recommendation(s)

1. That the report 'Internal Audit Programme' by Bruce Howse, Group Manager - Corporate Excellence and dated 23 November 2020, be received.

2. That the Audit and Risk subcommittee review the proposed 3-year internal audit programme, make any amendments considered necessary, and endorse the programme.

Attachments/Ngā tapirihanga

Nil